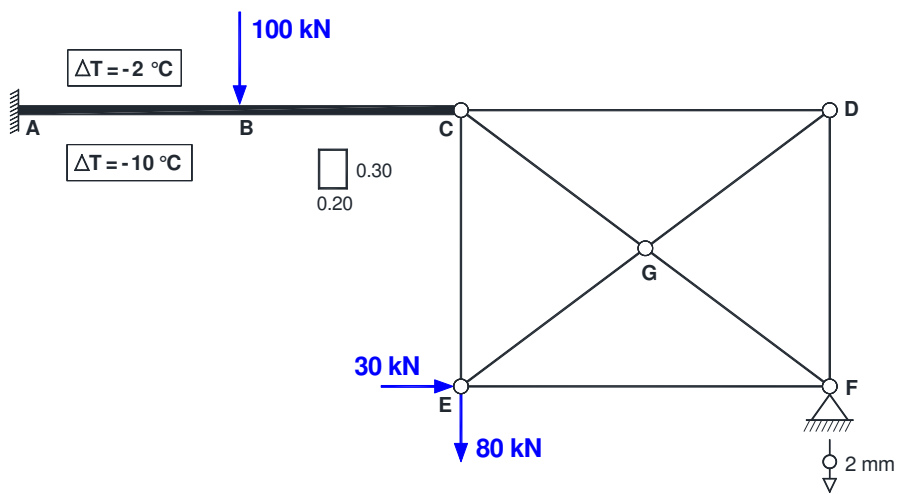


LICENCIATURA EM ENGENHARIA CIVIL

TEORIA DE ESTRUTURAS

MÉTODO DAS FORÇAS



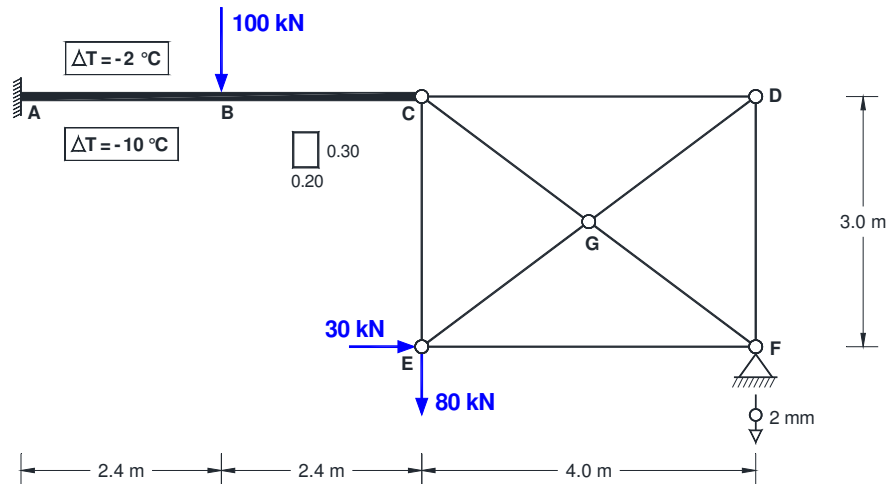
ESTRUTURA MISTA HIPERESTÁTICA

ISABEL ALVIM TELES

EXERCÍCIO

Considere a estrutura abaixo representada.

As barras **AB** e **BC** estão submetidas às variações de temperatura indicadas na figura e o apoio **F** tem um assentamento vertical de 2 mm.



Barras AB e BC

Secção (bxh) = 0,20m x 0,30m
 Betão: $E = 30 \text{ GPa}$; $\alpha = 10^{-5} / ^\circ\text{C}$

Restantes barras

Área = 10 cm^2
 Aço: $E = 210 \text{ GPa}$

Responda às alíneas seguintes desprezando a contribuição do esforço transverso.

- Determine as reações e trace os diagramas de esforços da estrutura;
- Determine o deslocamento vertical do ponto **B**.

RESOLUÇÃO

Alínea a)

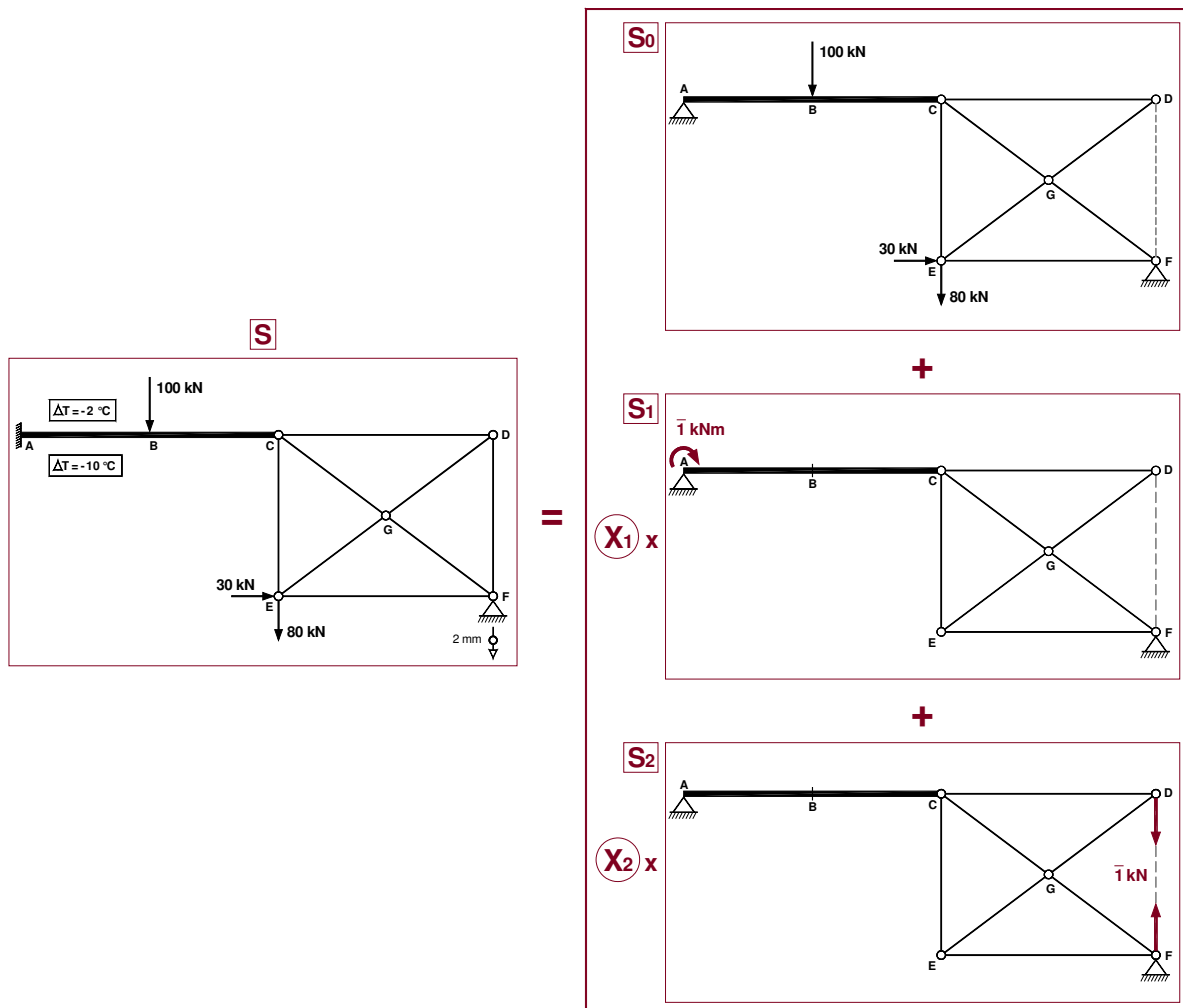
A estrutura é 1 vez hiperestática por condições externas e 1 vez hiperestática por condições internas, logo a estrutura é **hiperestática de grau 2**.

A estrutura (**S**) vai ser decomposta no sistema **S₀** e nos sistemas **S₁** e **S₂**:

$$S = S_0 + X_1 \times S_1 + X_2 \times S_2$$

sendo: **X₁** – incógnita hiperestática correspondente ao momento de encastramento no apoio **A**.

X₂ – incógnita hiperestática correspondente ao esforço axial na barra **DF**.



• **Cálculo da estrutura S_0**

Determinação das reações:

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| Toda a estrutura | $\sum F_x = 0$ |
| | $\sum F_y = 0$ |
| | $\sum M_A = 0$ |
| Corpo ABC | $\sum M_C = 0$ |

$$H_A + H_F + 30 = 0$$

$$V_A + V_F - 180 = 0$$

$$V_F \times 8,8 + H_F \times 3 + 30 \times 3 - 80 \times 4,8 - 100 \times 2,4 = 0$$

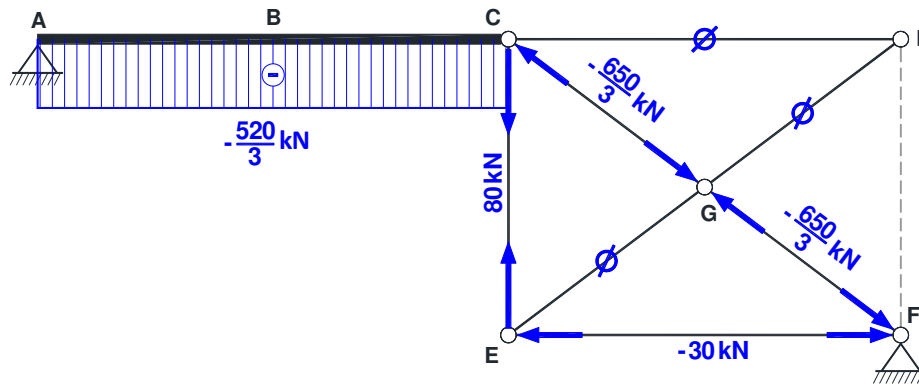
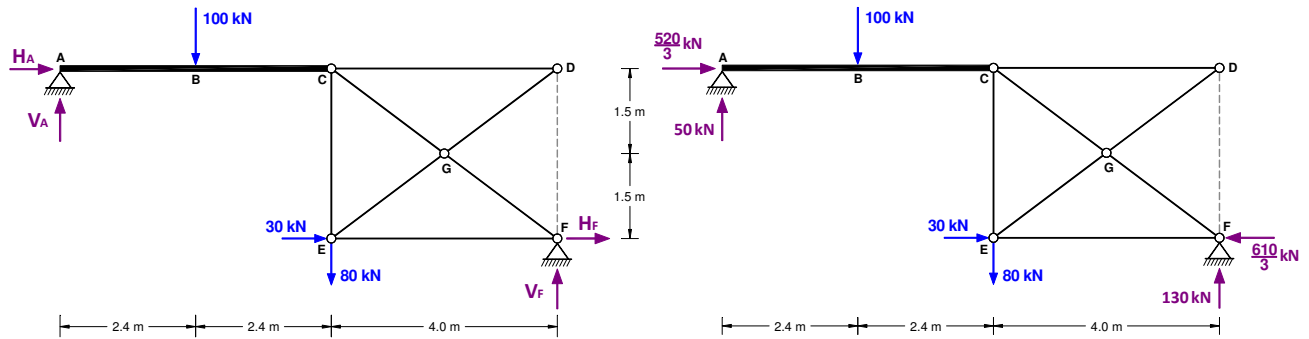
$$100 \times 2,4 - V_A \times 4,8 = 0$$

$$H_A = \frac{520}{3} \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

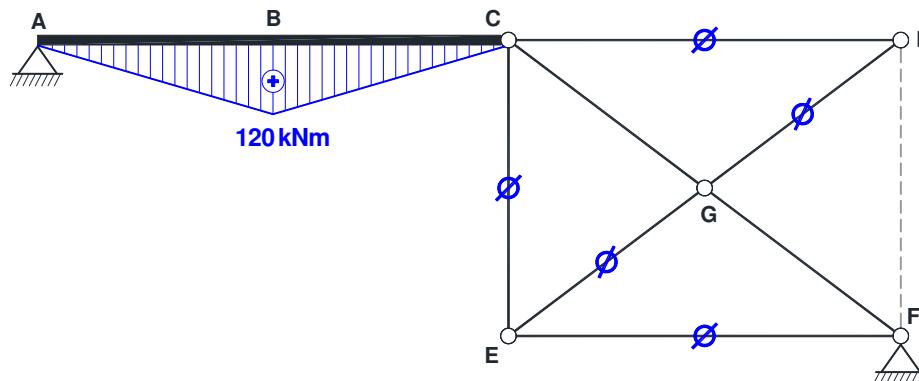
$$V_A = 50 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$H_F = -\frac{610}{3} \text{ kN} \leftarrow$$

$$V_F = 130 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$



Sistema base S_0 - Esforços axiais



Sistema base S_0 - Momentos fletores

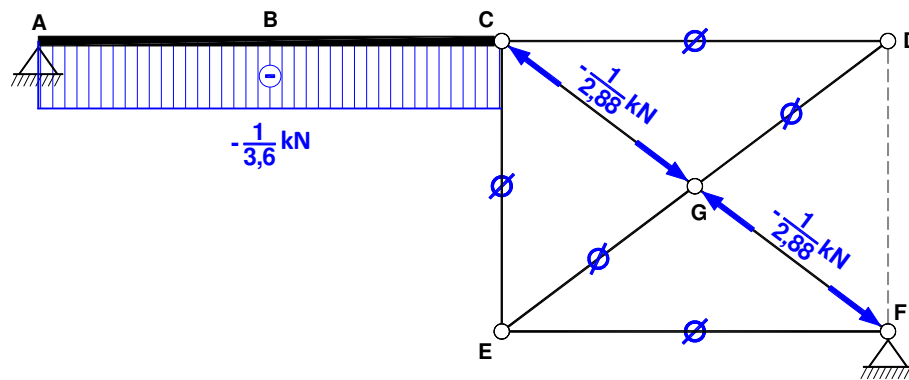
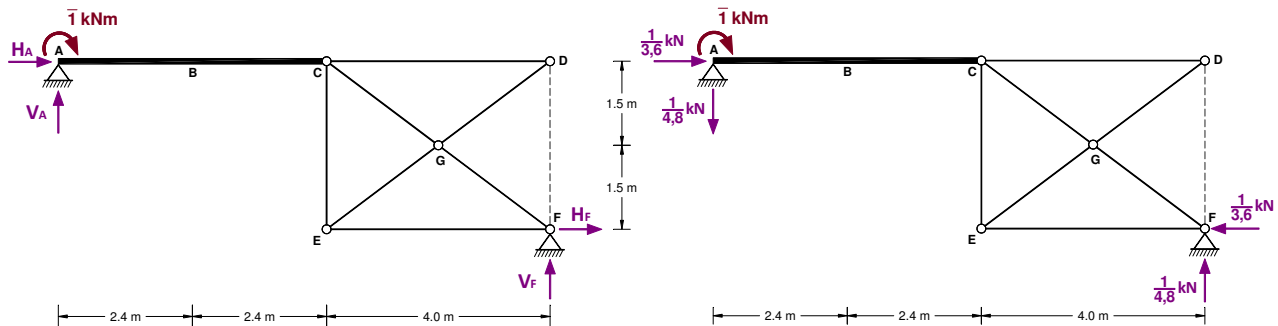
• **Cálculo da estrutura S_1**

Determinação das reações:

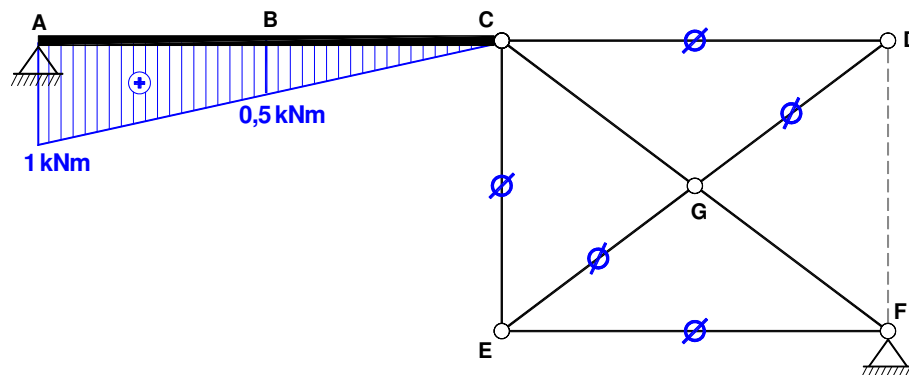
| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| Toda a estrutura | $\sum F_x = 0$ |
| | $\sum F_y = 0$ |
| | $\sum M_A = 0$ |
| Corpo ABC | $\sum M_C = 0$ |

$$\begin{cases} H_A + H_F = 0 \\ V_A + V_F = 0 \\ V_F \times 8,8 + H_F \times 3 - 1 = 0 \\ 1 + V_A \times 4,8 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} H_A = \frac{1}{3,6} \text{ kN} \rightarrow \\ V_A = -\frac{1}{4,8} \text{ kN} \downarrow \\ H_F = -\frac{1}{3,6} \text{ kN} \leftarrow \\ V_F = \frac{1}{4,8} \text{ kN} \uparrow \end{cases}$$



Sistema base S_1 - Esforços axiais



Sistema base S_1 - Momentos fletores

MÉTODO DAS FORÇAS

(desprezando a contribuição do Esforço Transverso)

Barras bi-articuladas

Barras contínuas

$$\begin{cases} \Sigma F_{\text{ext}}^{S_1} \times \Delta_R = \Sigma N_1 \frac{NL}{EA} + \Sigma N_1 \alpha \Delta T L + \int \frac{N_1 \times N}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_1 \times M}{EI} dz + \int N_1 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{med}} dz + \int M_1 \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz \\ \Sigma F_{\text{ext}}^{S_2} \times \Delta_R = \Sigma N_2 \frac{NL}{EA} + \Sigma N_2 \alpha \Delta T L + \int \frac{N_2 \times N}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_2 \times M}{EI} dz + \int N_2 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{med}} dz + \int M_2 \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz \end{cases}$$

Considerando:
$$\begin{cases} N = N_0 + X_1 N_1 + X_2 N_2 \\ M = M_0 + X_1 M_1 + X_2 M_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \delta_{10} + \delta_{11} \cdot X_1 + \delta_{12} \cdot X_2 = 0 \\ \delta_{20} + \delta_{21} \cdot X_1 + \delta_{22} \cdot X_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

barras bi-articuladas

$$\delta_{10} = - \Sigma F_{\text{ext}}^{S_1} \times \Delta_R + \left[\Sigma N_1 \frac{N_0 L}{EA} + \Sigma N_1 \alpha \Delta T L \right] +$$

barras contínuas

$$+ \int \frac{N_1 \times N_0}{EA} dz + \int N_1 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{med}} dz + \int \frac{M_1 \times M_0}{EI} dz + \int M_1 \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz$$

barras bi-articuladas

$$\delta_{20} = - \Sigma F_{\text{ext}}^{S_2} \times \Delta_R + \left[\Sigma N_2 \frac{N_0 L}{EA} + \Sigma N_2 \alpha \Delta T L \right] +$$

barras contínuas

$$+ \int \frac{N_2 \times N_0}{EA} dz + \int N_2 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{med}} dz + \int \frac{M_2 \times M_0}{EI} dz + \int M_2 \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz$$

artic. **cont.**

$$\delta_{11} = \left[\Sigma N_1 \frac{N_1 L}{EA} \right] + \left[\int \frac{N_1 \times N_1}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_1 \times M_1}{EI} dz \right]$$

artic. **cont.**

$$\delta_{12} = \left[\Sigma N_1 \frac{N_2 L}{EA} \right] + \left[\int \frac{N_1 \times N_2}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_1 \times M_2}{EI} dz \right] = \delta_{21}$$

artic. **cont.**

$$\delta_{22} = \left[\Sigma N_2 \frac{N_2 L}{EA} \right] + \left[\int \frac{N_2 \times N_2}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_2 \times M_2}{EI} dz \right]$$

• Barras bi-articuladas

$$EA = 210 \times 10^6 \times 10 \times 10^{-4} = 2,1 \times 10^5 \text{ kPa} \times \text{m}^2$$

| BARRAS | L (m) | N ₀ (kN) | N ₁ (kN) | N ₂ (kN) | N ₁ $\frac{N_0 L}{EA}$ | N ₂ $\frac{N_0 L}{EA}$ | N ₁ $\frac{N_1 L}{EA}$ | N ₁ $\frac{N_2 L}{EA}$ | N ₂ $\frac{N_2 L}{EA}$ |
|----------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| CD | 4 | 0 | 0 | $\frac{4}{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $3,386 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| EF | 4 | -30 | 0 | $\frac{4}{3}$ | 0 | $-7,619 \times 10^{-4}$ | 0 | 0 | $3,386 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| CE | 3 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $1,143 \times 10^{-3}$ | 0 | 0 | $1,429 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| CG | 2,5 | $-\frac{650}{3}$ | $-\frac{1}{2,88}$ | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | $8,956 \times 10^{-4}$ | $4,299 \times 10^{-3}$ | $1,435 \times 10^{-6}$ | $6,889 \times 10^{-6}$ | $3,307 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| GF | 2,5 | $-\frac{650}{3}$ | $-\frac{1}{2,88}$ | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | $8,956 \times 10^{-4}$ | $4,299 \times 10^{-3}$ | $1,435 \times 10^{-6}$ | $6,889 \times 10^{-6}$ | $3,307 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| EG | 2,5 | 0 | 0 | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $3,307 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| GD | 2,5 | 0 | 0 | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $3,307 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| DF | 3 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $1,429 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| Σ | | | | | $1,791 \times 10^{-3}$ | $8,979 \times 10^{-3}$ | $2,871 \times 10^{-6}$ | $1,378 \times 10^{-5}$ | $2,286 \times 10^{-4}$ |

• Barras contínuas

$$EI = 30 \times 10^6 \times \frac{0,20 \times 0,30^3}{12} = 13\,500 \text{ kPa} \times \text{m}^4$$

$$EA = 30 \times 10^6 \times 0,20 \times 0,30 = 1,8 \times 10^6 \text{ kPa} \times \text{m}^2$$

$$T_{\text{méd}} = \frac{-10 - 2}{2} = -6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} = \frac{-10 - (-2)}{0,30} = -\frac{8}{0,30}$$

$$\int \frac{N_1 \times N_0}{EA} dz = 2 \times \frac{1}{1,8 \times 10^6} \times \left(-\frac{1}{3,6}\right) \times \left(-\frac{520}{3}\right) \times 2,4 = 128,395 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\int N_1 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{méd}} dz = 2 \times \left(-\frac{1}{3,6}\right) \times 2,4 \times 10^{-5} \times (-6) = 8 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\int \frac{M_1 \times M_0}{EI} dz = \frac{1}{13\,500} \left[\frac{120 \times 2,40}{6} \times (2 \times 0,5 + 1) + \frac{120 \times 0,5}{3} \times 2,40 \right] = \frac{144}{13\,500} = 1,0667 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\int M_1 \cdot \alpha \cdot \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz = -\frac{8}{0,30} \times 10^{-5} \times \int M_1 dz = -\frac{8}{0,30} \times 10^{-5} \times \frac{4,80 \times 1}{2} = -64 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\delta_{10} = -\Sigma F_{\text{ext}}^{S_1} \times \Delta_R + \Sigma N_1 \frac{N_0 L}{EA} + \Sigma N_1 \alpha \Delta T L +$$

$$+ \int \frac{N_1 \times N_0}{EA} dz + \int N_1 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{méd}} dz + \int \frac{M_1 \times M_0}{EI} dz + \int M_1 \cdot \alpha \cdot \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4,8} \times (-0,002) + 1,791 \times 10^{-3} + 0 + 128,395 \times 10^{-6} + 8 \times 10^{-5} + 1,0667 \times 10^{-2} - 64 \times 10^{-5} =$$

$$= 1,244 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\int \frac{N_2 \times N_0}{EA} dz = 0$$

$$\int N_2 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{méd}} dz = 0$$

$$\int \frac{M_2 \times M_0}{EI} dz = 0$$

$$\int M_2 \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_{20} &= - \sum F_{\text{ext}}^{S_2} \times \Delta_R + \sum N_2 \frac{N_0 L}{EA} + \sum N_2 \alpha \Delta T L + \\ &+ \int \frac{N_2 \times N_0}{EA} dz + \int N_2 \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{méd}} dz + \int \frac{M_2 \times M_0}{EI} dz + \int M_2 \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz = \\ &= 0 + 8,979 \times 10^{-3} + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 = 8,979 \times 10^{-3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{N_1 \times N_1}{EA} dz = \frac{1}{1,8 \times 10^6} \times \left(-\frac{1}{3,6}\right)^2 \times 4,8 = 2,0576 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$\int \frac{M_1 \times M_1}{EI} dz = \frac{1}{13500} \left(\frac{1 \times 1 \times 4,8}{3}\right) = 1,1852 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\delta_{11} = \sum N_1 \frac{N_1 L}{EA} + \int \frac{N_1 \cdot N_1}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_1 \cdot M_1}{EI} dz = 2,871 \times 10^{-6} + 2,0576 \times 10^{-7} + 1,1852 \times 10^{-4} = 1,216 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\int \frac{N_1 \times N_2}{EA} dz = \int \frac{N_2 \times N_1}{EA} dz = 0$$

$$\int \frac{M_1 \times M_2}{EI} dz = \int \frac{M_2 \times M_1}{EI} dz = 0$$

$$\delta_{12} = \delta_{21} = \sum N_1 \frac{N_2 L}{EA} + \int \frac{N_1 \times N_2}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_1 \times M_2}{EI} dz = 1,378 \times 10^{-5} + 0 + 0 = 1,378 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\int \frac{N_2 \times N_2}{EA} dz = 0$$

$$\int \frac{M_2 \times M_2}{EI} dz = 0$$

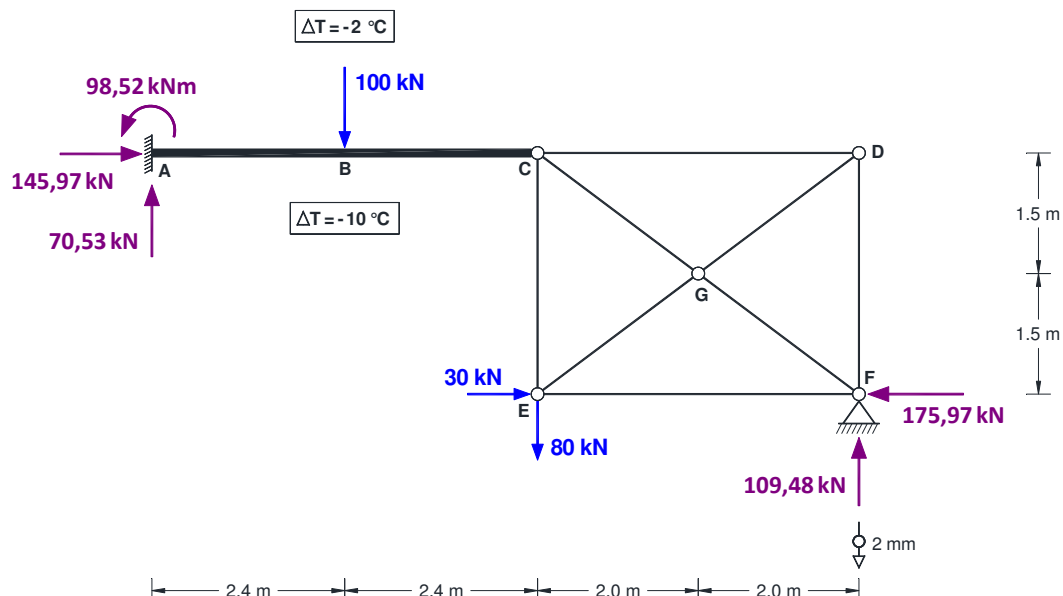
$$\delta_{22} = \sum N_2 \frac{N_2 L}{EA} + \int \frac{N_2 \times N_2}{EA} dz + \int \frac{M_2 \times M_2}{EI} dz = 2,284 \times 10^{-4} + 0 + 0 = 2,284 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\begin{cases} \delta_{10} + \delta_{11} \cdot X_1 + \delta_{12} \cdot X_2 = 0 \\ \delta_{20} + \delta_{21} \cdot X_1 + \delta_{22} \cdot X_2 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 1,244 \times 10^{-2} + 1,216 \times 10^{-4} \cdot X_1 + 1,378 \times 10^{-5} \cdot X_2 = 0 \\ 8,979 \times 10^{-3} + 1,378 \times 10^{-5} \cdot X_1 + 2,284 \times 10^{-4} \cdot X_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} X_1 = -98,52 \\ X_2 = -33,37 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} H_A = (H_A)^{S0} + X_1 \cdot (H_A)^{S1} + X_2 \cdot (H_A)^{S2} \\ V_A = (V_A)^{S0} + X_1 \cdot (V_A)^{S1} + X_2 \cdot (V_A)^{S2} \\ M_A = (M_A)^{S0} + X_1 \cdot (M_A)^{S1} + X_2 \cdot (M_A)^{S2} \\ H_F = (H_F)^{S0} + X_1 \cdot (H_F)^{S1} + X_2 \cdot (H_F)^{S2} \\ V_F = (V_F)^{S0} + X_1 \cdot (V_F)^{S1} + X_2 \cdot (V_F)^{S2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} H_A = \frac{520}{3} + (-98,52) \times \frac{1}{3,6} + (-33,37) \times 0 \\ V_A = 50 + (-98,52) \times \left(-\frac{1}{4,8}\right) + (-33,37) \times 0 \\ M_A = 0 + (-98,52) \times 1 + (-33,37) \times 0 \\ H_F = -\frac{610}{3} + (-98,52) \times \left(-\frac{1}{3,6}\right) + (-33,37) \times 0 \\ V_F = 130 + (-98,52) \times \frac{1}{4,8} + (-33,37) \times 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} H_A = 145,97 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \\ V_A = 70,53 \text{ kN} \uparrow \\ M_A = -98,52 \text{ kNm} \curvearrowright \\ H_F = -175,97 \text{ kN} \leftarrow \\ V_F = 109,48 \text{ kN} \uparrow \end{cases}$$



• **Esforços nas barras**

$$N_{\text{barra}} = (N_{\text{barra}})^{S_0} + X_1 \cdot (N_{\text{barra}})^{S_1} + X_2 \cdot (N_{\text{barra}})^{S_2}$$

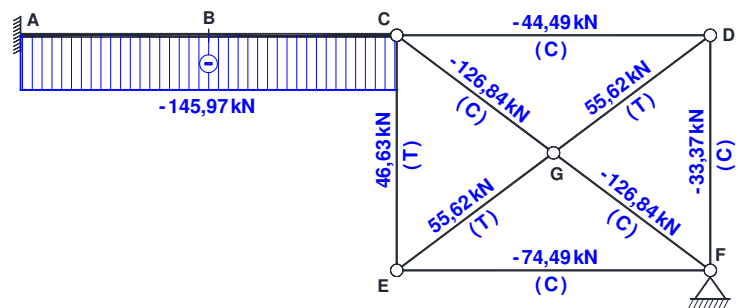
$$N_{\text{barra}} = (N_{\text{barra}})^{S_0} - 98,52 \times (N_{\text{barra}})^{S_1} - 33,37 \times (N_{\text{barra}})^{S_2}$$

Esforços: - ⇒ compressão
+ ⇒ tração

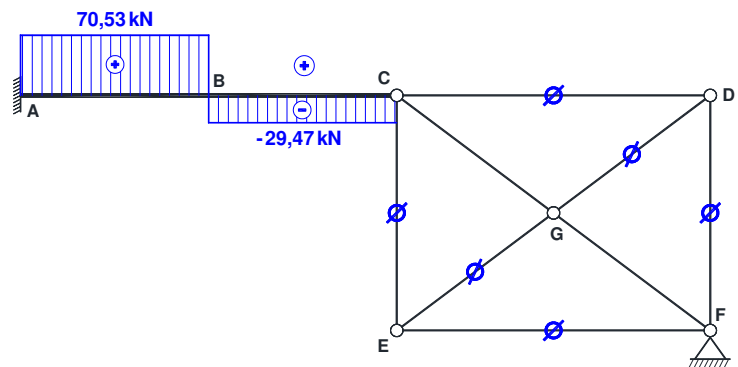
| BARRAS | N ₀ (kN) | N ₁ (kN) | N ₂ (kN) | N (kN) |
|--------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| CD | 0 | 0 | $\frac{4}{3}$ | -44,49 |
| EF | -30 | 0 | $\frac{4}{3}$ | -74,49 |
| CE | 80 | 0 | 1 | 46,63 |
| CG | $-\frac{650}{3}$ | $-\frac{1}{2,88}$ | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | -126,84 |
| GF | $-\frac{650}{3}$ | $-\frac{1}{2,88}$ | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | -126,84 |
| EG | 0 | 0 | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | 55,62 |
| GD | 0 | 0 | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | 55,62 |
| DF | 0 | 0 | 1 | -33,37 |

• **Diagramas de esforços**

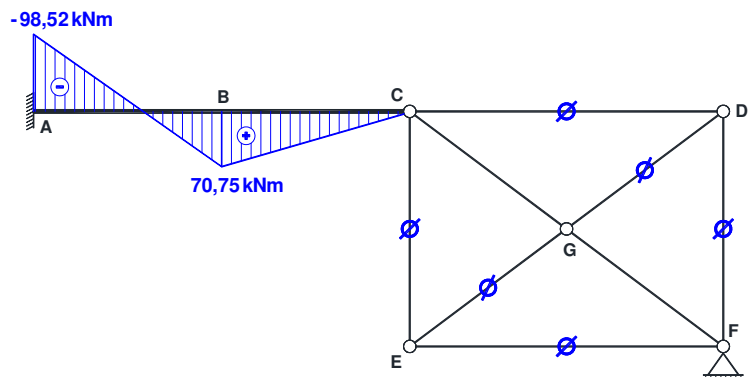
ESFORÇOS AXIAIS



ESFORÇOS TRANSVERSOS



MOMENTOS FLETORES

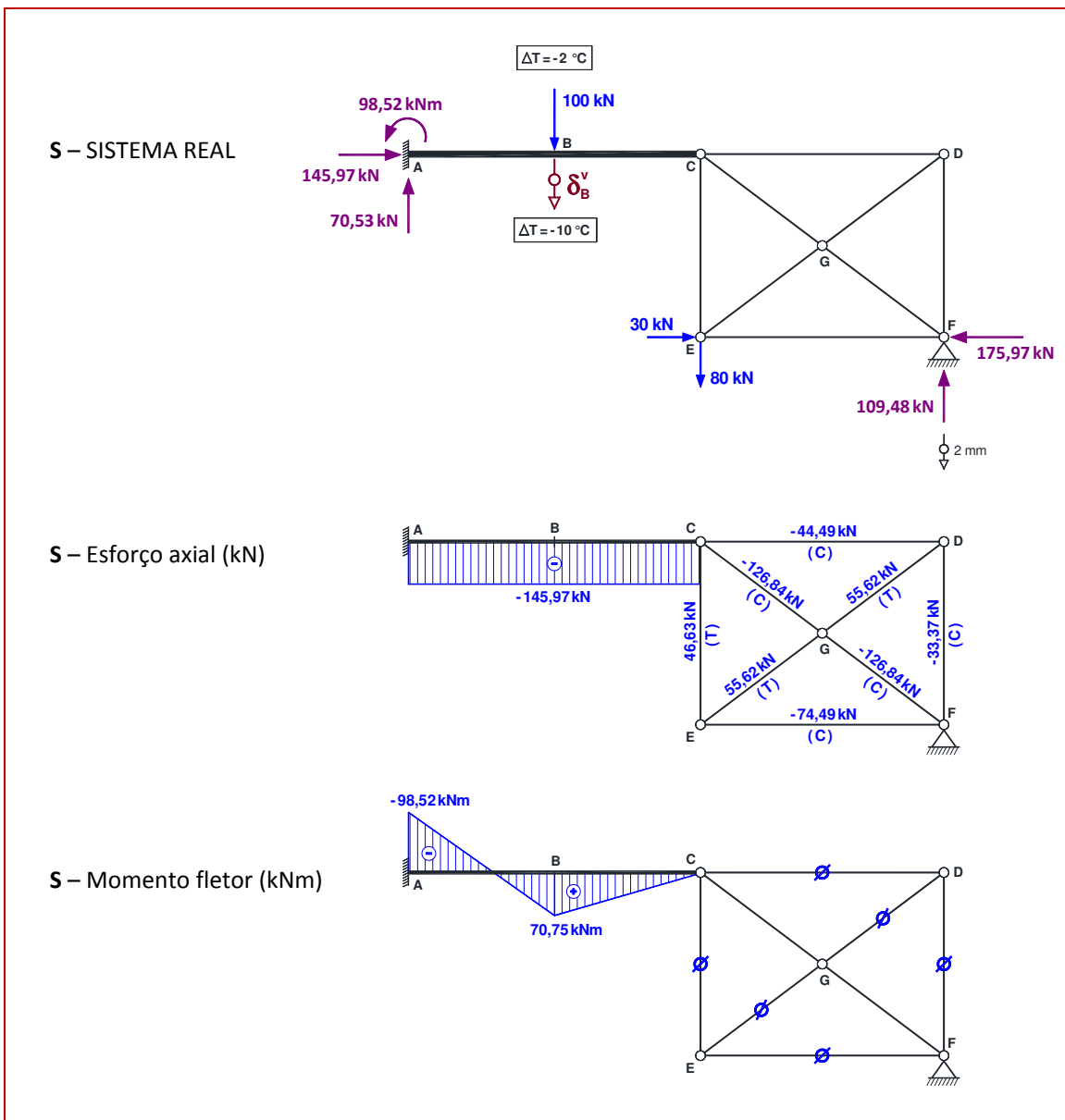


Alínea b) Determinação do deslocamento vertical do ponto B

TEOREMA DOS TRABALHOS VIRTUAIS (desprezando a contribuição do esforço transversor):

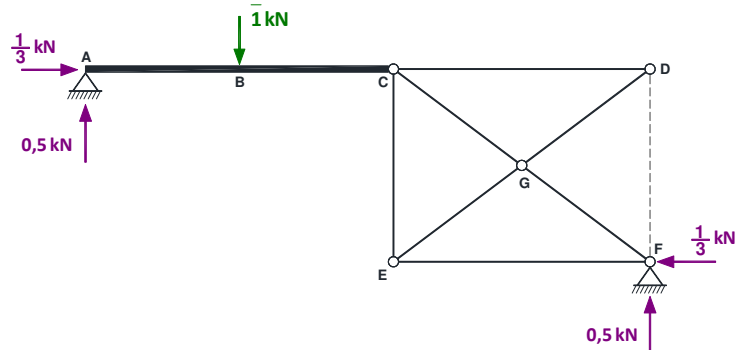
$$\bar{1} \times \delta_B^v + \Sigma (\bar{R} \times \text{assent. apoio}) = \underbrace{\Sigma \bar{N} \frac{NL}{EA} + \Sigma \bar{N} \alpha \Delta T L}_{\text{Barras bi-articuladas}} + \underbrace{\int \frac{\bar{N} \times N}{EA} dz + \int \frac{\bar{M} \times M}{EI} dz + \int \bar{N} \cdot \alpha \cdot T_m \cdot dz + \int \bar{M} \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz}_{\text{Barras contínuas}}$$

SISTEMA REAL

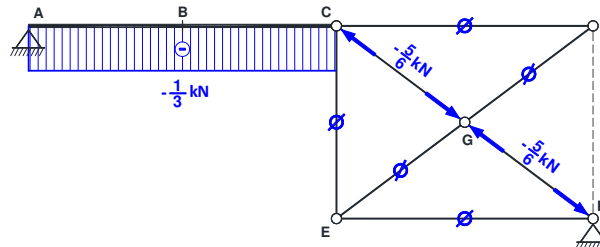


SISTEMA VIRTUAL

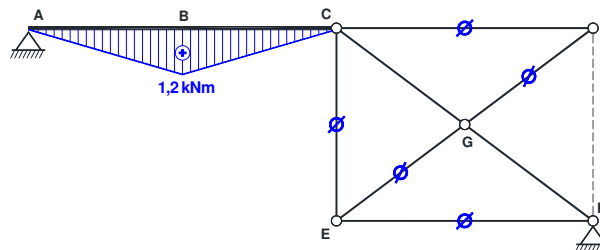
\bar{S} – SISTEMA VIRTUAL



\bar{S} – Esforço axial (kN)



\bar{S} – Momento fletor (kNm)



$$\sum (\bar{R} \times \text{assent. apoio}) = 0,5 \times (-0,002) = -0,001 = -100 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\sum \bar{N} \frac{NL}{EA} = \frac{1}{2,1 \times 10^5} \left(-\frac{5}{6}\right) \times (-126,84) \times 2,5 \times 2 = 251,667 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\sum \bar{N} \alpha \Delta T L = 0$$

$$\int \frac{\bar{N} \times N}{EA} dz = \frac{1}{1,8 \times 10^6} \times \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) \times (-145,97) \times 4,8 = 12,975 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\int \frac{\bar{M} \times M}{EI} dz = \frac{1}{13\,500} \left[\frac{1,2 \times 2,4}{6} (2 \times 70,75 - 98,52) + \frac{1,2 \times 70,75 \times 2,4}{3} \right] = 655,929 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\int \bar{N} \cdot \alpha \cdot T_{\text{méd}} dz = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) \times 4,8 \times 10^{-5} \times (-6) = 9,6 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\int \bar{M} \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz = -\frac{8}{0,30} \times 10^{-5} \times \int \bar{M} dz = -\frac{8}{0,30} \times 10^{-5} \times \frac{4,80 \times 1,2}{2} = -76,8 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\bar{1} \times \delta_B^v + \Sigma (\bar{R} \times \text{assent. apoio}) = \Sigma \bar{N} \frac{NL}{EA} + \int \frac{\bar{N} \times N}{EA} dz + \int \frac{\bar{M} \times M}{EI} dz + \int \bar{N} \cdot \alpha \cdot T_m \cdot dz + \int \bar{M} \cdot \alpha \frac{T_{\text{inf}} - T_{\text{sup}}}{h} dz$$

$$\delta_B^v - 100 \times 10^{-5} = 251,667 \times 10^{-5} + 12,975 \times 10^{-5} + 655,929 \times 10^{-5} + 9,6 \times 10^{-5} - 76,8 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\delta_B^v = 953,371 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m} = 9,53 \text{ mm} \quad \phi$$